## INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

## INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

IHO/IOC Form No. 1

## **UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL**

(See NOTE overleaf)

| Ocean or Sea:_Arctic Ocean Name proposed_Umberto Cagni Seamount  |
|--|
| Coordinates: A - of midpoint or summit: Lat. 82°59'N , Long. 5°07'W  |
| _600_ kilometres inNW direction from _Spitzbergen  |
| and/or $ {f B} $ - extremities (if linear feature) :   |
| Lat  |
| Description (kind of feature) :Seamount.   |
| Identifying or categorizing characteristics (shape, dimensions, total relief, least depth, steepness, etc.):   |
| Elongate volcanic/tectonic seamount at the intersection of Gakkel Ridge and Leng Trough in Nansen Basin, rift mountain generated by Gakkel Ridge. The entire mountain is about 25km long and 10 km wide with a minimum depth of about 1250m. It rises above the basin of Lena Trough at a depth of 4800m for a total relief of over 3500m. |
| Associated features: Hjalmar Johannsen Seamount (see accompanying proposal)  |
| Chart reference : Shown with name on chart No  |
| Shown but not named on chart No  |
| Not shown but within area covered by chart No  |
| Reason for choice of name (if a person, state how associated with the feature to be named): _Umberto Cagn (1863-1932) Italian marine officer who in 1900 commanded the first arctic expedition to achieve furthest north after Nansen.   |
| Discovery facts :  |
| Date: 29.7.2004 by (individuals or ship) _PFS Polarstern, Alfred Wegener Institut for Polar and Marine Research, Germany.  |
| By means of (equipment) : _Hydrosweep DS-2 multibeam sonar echosounder   |
| Navigation used : _GPS   |
| Estimated positional accuracy in nautical miles : _0.01  |

Description of survey (track spacing, line crossing, grid network, etc.): 2 crossing Hydrosweep tracks near the summit.

Nature and repository of other survey activities (dredge samples, cores, magnetics, gravity, photographs, etc.): Dredge haul PS66-214 at 82°58.38'N, 4°55.44'W, contained mid-ocean ridge basalt pillow fragments with glassy rims. Material is archived at Alfred Wegener Institut, Bremerhaven and Max-Planck Institut für Chemie, Mainz

Supporting material: enclose, if possible, a sketch map of the survey area, profiles of the features, etc., with reference to prior publication, if any:

Slopes are visible in map published by Michael, P.J. et al., 2003. Magmatic and amagmatic seafloor spreading at the slowest mid-ocean ridge: Gakkel Ridge, Arctic Ocean. Nature (London), 423: 956-961. See attached maps from Polarstern ARK XX-2.

## Submitted by:

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| Concurred in by (if applicable): |
|----------------------------------|
| Address :                        |
|                                  |
| National Authority (if any):     |
| Address :                        |
|                                  |

**NOTE**: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

a) If the undersea feature is located in territorial waters :-

to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the International Hydrographic Bureau or to the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (see addresses below);

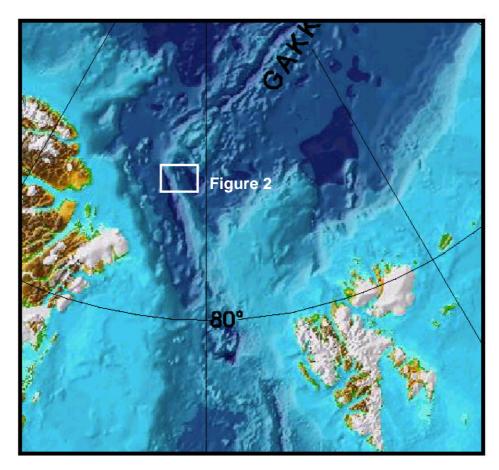
b) If the undersea feature is located in international waters :-

to the International Hydrographic Bureau or to the Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission, at the following addresses :

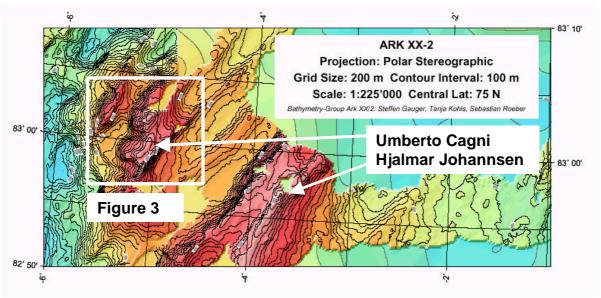
International Hydrographic Bureau 4, quai Antoine 1<sup>er</sup> B.P. 445 MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX

Principality of MONACO Fax: +377 93 10 81 40 E-mail: info@ihb.mc Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission UNESCO Place de Fontenoy 75700 PARIS FRANCE

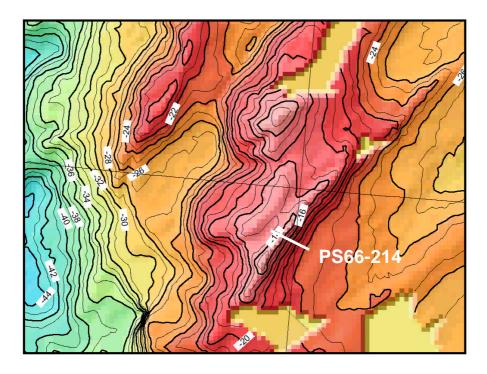
Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12 E-mail: <u>info@unesco.org</u>



**Figure 1: General location of Cagni and Johannsen seamounts.** Excerpted from IBCAO beta map of the Arctic Ocean (Jakobssen et al 2000). Light box shows area of Figure 2.



**Figure 2: Detail of intersection of Gakkel Ridge and Lena Trough**. Locations of Umberto Cagni and Hjalmar Johannsen Seamounts shown by light arrows. Light box shows area of Figure 3. Bathymetric data from PFS Polarstern cruise PS66 (ARK XX-2, 2001) and PS59 (ARK XVII-2, 2004), background data from IBCAO (2000).



**Figure 3: Detail of Umberto Cagni Seamount.** Track of Polarstern dredge station PS66-214 is shown.