## INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

## INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

## UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL

(Sea **NOTE** overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed: Nanatsuboshi S		amount Ocean or Sea:			1:	Philippine Sea			
Geometry that best def	ines the feature	(Yes/No)							
Point	Line	Polygon	Multiple points	Multi	iple lines	' Multi	ole	Combination of	
						polygo	ns*	geometries*	
		Yes							
* Geometry should be c	learly distinguis	hed when	providing the coordina	ates be	low.				
		Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6'N		Long. (e.g. 046°21.3'W)					
			17°31.39'N (summi	it)				(summit)	
		17°36.1503'N		135°16.7637'E					
		17°33.2664'N		135°20.4471'E					
Coordinates:		17°26.9654'N		135°18.3286'E					
		17°22.6824'N 17°23.4105'N		135°12.4608'E 135°7.10705'E					
		17 23.4105 N 17°29.835'N				135°5.35101'E			
		17°25.0603'N				135°11.3901'E			
<u> </u>		1			1				
	Maximum D	anth:	5200 m in depth	C	taannaa				
Feature Description:	Minimum D		2640 m in depth		teepness hape :	· .	Irregular		
	Total Relief	1	2560 m		Dimension/Size :		26 km x 28 km		
	Total Rener	•	2300 III	1	JIII CIISIC	II/ DIZC .	20 Ki	III A 20 KIII	
A		I It in Inc	-1	. 1/	b Dala	Didaa			
<b>Associated Features</b>	<u> </u>	It is ioc	ated on the axis of the	e Kyusi	nu-Palau	Riage.			
<b>r</b>									
Chart/Map References:		Shown Named on Map/Chart:							
			Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:						
	Within	Within Area of Map/Chart:			W1004A, W1009				
Reason for Choice of I	"Nanatsuboshi" is one of the Japanese dialect names that mean the Big Dipper.								
person, state how assoc									
feature to be named):									
Discovery Facts:		Discovery Date:			1995				
DISCOVERY FACES.		Discove	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):			The Japanese survey vessel "Takuyo"			
		Date of	f Survey:			Oct	Nov.	1995	
	,				Jan. 1996				
					Apr. – May 2007				
	Survey Ship:			Т	The Japanese survey vessel "Takuyo"				
Supporting Survey Da	Soundi	Sounding Equipement:			Multibeam echo sounder				
Track Controls:						Seabeam 210A (1995 and 1996)			
		Type o	Type of Navigation:			Seabeam 2112 (2007)  GPS with SA (1995 and 1996)			
		i ype oi ivavigation.				GPS with SA (1995 and 1996)  GPS without SA (2007)			
	Estima	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy (nm):			0.054 nm (100 m) in 1995 and 1996				
	Louina				0.014 nm (26 m) in 2007				
							,	,	

	Survey Track Spacing:	See Fig. 2.				
	Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form.					
	Name(s):	JCUFN				
	Date:	May 16, 2014				
	E-mail:	chart@jodc.go.jp				
Proposer(s):	Organization and Address:	Hydrographic and Oceanographic Department, Japan Coast Guard Aomi 2-5-18,Koto-ku, Tokyo, Japan				
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization and address):					
Remarks:						

NOTE: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea:to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see page 2-9) or, if this
  does not exist or is not known, either to the IHB or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea:

to the IHB or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Bureau (IHB) 4, Quai Antoine 1er B.P. 445

MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX Principality of MONACO

Fax: +377 93 10 81 40 E-mail: info@ihb.mc Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)

UNESCO Place de Fontenoy 75700 PARIS

France

Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12 E-mail: info@unesco.org

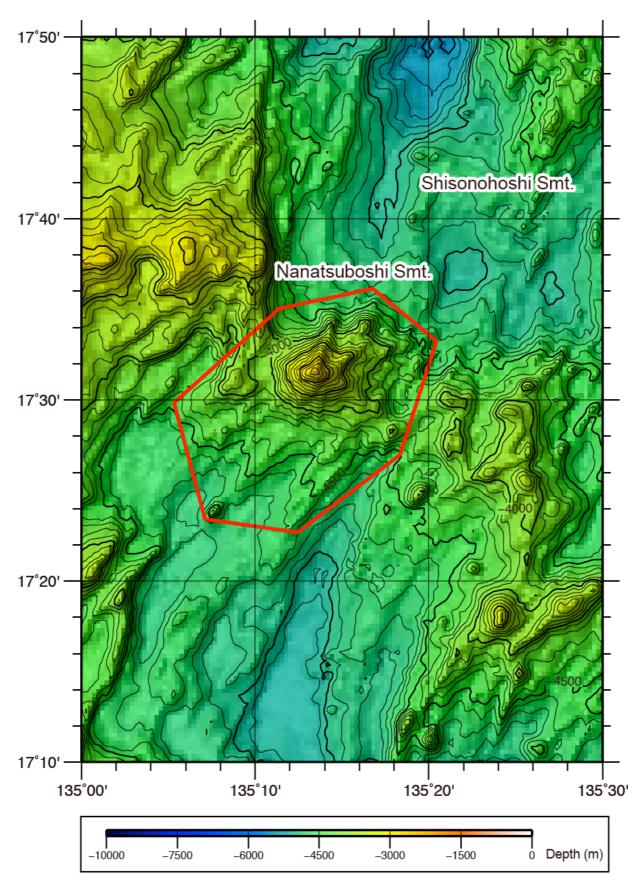


Fig.1. Bathymetric map of the Nanatsuboshi Semount. The bathymetric contour interval is 100 m.

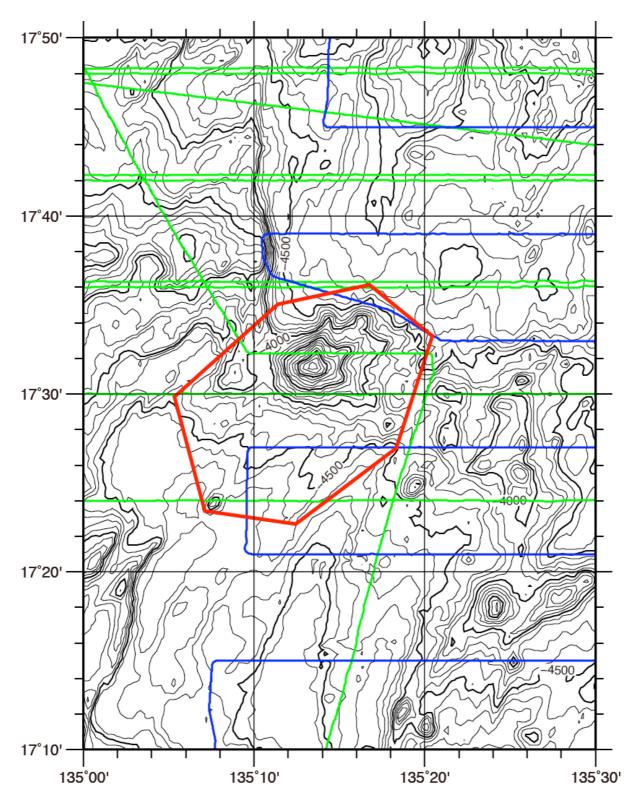


Fig.2. Bathymetric map of the Nanatsuboshi Seamount, showing track lines (green for 1995 and 1996, and blue for 2007). The bathymetric contour interval is 100 m.

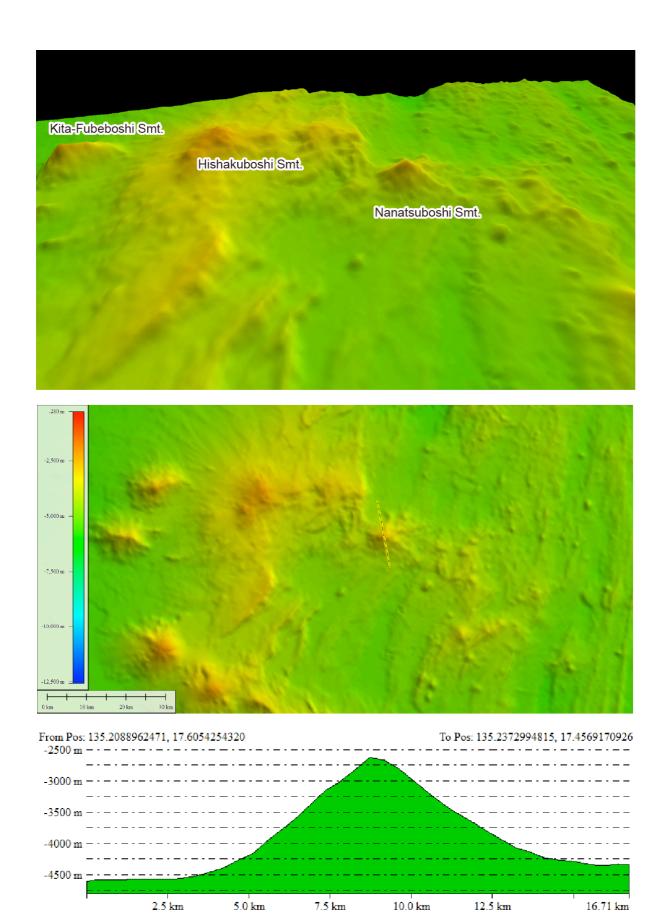


Fig.3. 3D image of the Nanatsuboshi Seamount with a bathymetric profile.