# INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC ORGANIZATION

# INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

## UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL (Sea NOTE overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed:	Tsunogai Seamount	Ocean or Sea:	Northwest Pacific Ocean

Geometry that b	est defines the fea	ature (Yes/No) :				
Point	Line	Polygon	Multiple points	Multiple lines*	Multiple polygons*	Combination of geometries*
		Yes				

\* Geometry should be clearly distinguished when providing the coordinates below.

	Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6'N)	Long. (e.g. 046°21.3'W)
	24°42.35'N	158°33.46'E
	24°50.56'N	158°39.96'E
	24°54.62'N	158°47.95'E
	24°50.06'N	158°57.45'E
	24°44.63'N	159°00.87'E
Coordinates:	24°33.53'N	159°01.56'E
	24°28.43'N	158°54.09'E
	24°27.14'N	158°46.44'E
	24°27.78'N	158°41.32'E
	24°35.09'N	158°35.21'E
	24°42.35'N	158°33.46'E

E. A. M	Maximum Depth :	5,800 m	Steepness :	
Feature	Minimum Depth :	1,280 m	Shape :	Conical
Description:	Total Relief :	4,520 m	Dimension/Size :	50 km $ imes$ 50 km

Associated Features:

	Shown Named on Map/Chart:	6727
Chart/Map References:	Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:	
	Within Area of Map/Chart:	W48

Reason for Choice of Name (if a	Named after a chemical oceanographer the late Dr. Shizuo Tsunogai.
person, state how associated with the	
feature to be named):	

Discovery Faster	Discovery Date:	Jun. 2000	
Discovery Facis.	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	The Japanese survey vessel "Takuyo"	

	Date of Survey:	Jun. – Jul. and Nov. – Dec. 2000
	Survey Ship:	The Japanese survey vessel "Takuyo"
	Sounding Equipement:	Multibeam echo sounder
Supporting Survey Data, including		Seabeam 2112
Track Controls:	Type of Navigation:	GPS without Selective Availability
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy (nm):	0.014 nm (26 m)
	Survey Track Spacing:	10 nm
	Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form.	

	Name(s):	JCUFN
	Date:	Aug. 17, 2016
	E-mail:	ico@jodc.go.jp
	Organization and Address:	Hydrographic and Oceanographic
Proposer(s):		Department, Japan Coast Guard
		Kasumigaseki 3-1-1,Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo
		100-0952, Japan
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization	
	and address):	

Remarks:	The position of the summit is located in (24°38.72'N, 158°49.93'E).

NOTE : This form should be forwarded, when completed :

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea :to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see page 2-9) or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the IHB or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea :-

to the IHB or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Bureau (IHB)	Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)
4, Quai Antoine 1er	UNESCO
B.P. 445	Place de Fontenoy
MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX	75700 PARIS
Principality of MONACO	France
Fax: +377 93 10 81 40	Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12
E-mail: info@ihb.mc	E-mail: info@unesco.org

#### Personal history of the late Dr. Shizuo Tsunogai

**Given name:** Shizuo **Family name:** Tsunogai

August 1938 Born December 2015 Diseased

### Education

1961 B.S., Tokyo University of Education 1966 PhD, Tokyo University of Education

#### **Professional carrier:**

1966 Recturer, Hokkaido University1971 Associate Professor, Hokkaido University1975-1976 Visiting scientist, Woods Hole Oceanographic Institution1981-2002 Professor, Hokkaido University

#### **Remarks:**

He was a distinguished chemical oceanographer working for Hokkaido University. He published 209 original papers and had other 312 publications. He supervised total of 42 PhD students. He also contributed to the science community in a variety of ways: international journal editor, members of international committees, advisor to Japanese government comittees, and steering committee member of professional soceities (the Oceanographic Soceity of Japan, and the Geochemical Society of Japan). As a chemical oceanographer, his major interest was to reveal the hidden processes ruling the earth system using chemistry as the tool. Therefore, his work included chemical oceanography, atomospheric chemistry, and sedimentology.

### List of selected publications:

- Miyake, Y. and **S. Tsunogai**, Evaporation of iodine from the ocean, Journal of Geophysical Research 68, 3989-3993., 1963.
- **Tsunogai, S.**, S. Watanabe, and T. Sato, Is there a "continental shelf pump" for the absorption of atmospheric CO2?., Tellus B, 51, 701-712, 1999.
- **Tsunogai, S.**, M. Kusakabe, H. Iizumi, I. Koike, and A. Hattori, Hydrographic features of the deep water of the Bering Sea: the sea of silica, Deep Sea Research Part A, 26, 641-659, 1979.
- **Tsunogai, S.**, T. Ono, and S. Watanabe, Increase in total carbonate in the western North Pacific water and a hypothesis on the missing sink of anthropogenic carbon., Journal of Oceanography, 49, 305-315, 1993.



Fig. 1. Bathymetric map of the Tsunogai Seamount. Contours are in 100 m.



Fig. 2. Bathymetric map of the Tsunogai Seamount, showing with track lines. Contours are in 100 m.



Fig. 3. Bathymetric profile across the Tsunogai Seamount.