INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC **ORGANIZATION**

INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL (Sea NOTE overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed: Cagou Trough			Ocean or Sea:			South Pacific Ocean			
Geometry that best de	fines the feature	(Yes/No):							
Point		Polygon	Multiple points		Multiple lines*		Multiple polygons*		Combination of geometries*
	X								
* Geometry should be cle	early distinguishe	ed when pr	oviding the cod	ordinate	s below.				
			Lat. (e.g. 63°3						6°21.3'W)
Coordinates:		28°05'S (centre)				171°53'E (centre)			
		29°52.33'S		-	•		171°48.88'E 171°56.52'E		
			27°15.43	3'5			17	1°56.8	52'E
	Maximum Depth:		j		Steepn			<u> </u>	
Feature Description:	Minimum Depth :				Shape	e: nsion/Size:		Trough	
	Total Relief :		1500	Dimens		sion/Si	Size: 290 x 30 km		x 30 km
Associated Features:		No othe	er features in	the NZ	GB's juris	sdictio	n are nam	red 'C	agou'.
Chart/Map References:		d in an internationally eviewed journal		Buchanan, C., D'Acremont, E., Gorini, C., Lafoy, Y., Nercessian, A., Ryan, J., Smith, N. & Van de Beuque, S., 2001. Collaborative Australia /France Multibeam Seafloor Mapping Survey - Norfolk Ridge to Three Kings Ridge Region: FAUST-2, Preliminary Results. Geoscience Australia Record 2001/27. ISSN 1039-0073, ISBN 0642467064. https://d28rz98at9flks.cloudfront.net/37142/Rec2001_027.pdf Sdrolias M., R. D. Müller, A. Mauffret, and G. Bernardel (2004), Enigmatic formation of the Norfolk Basin, SW Pacific: A plume influence on back-arc extension, Geochem. Geophys. Geosyst., 5, Q06005, doi:10.1029/2003GC000643. Mortimer N., Herzer R.H., Gans P.B., Laporte-Magoni C., Calvert C.T., Bosch D., (2007). Oligocene-Miocene tectonic evolution of the South Fiji Basin and Northland Plateau, SW Pacific Ocean: Evidence from petrology and dating of dredged rocks					
	Map/C	Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:							
	Within	Within Area of Map/Chart:		Chart NZ 14602 INT 602					
Reason for Choice of person, state how asso		Named	after the nation	onal bir	d of New	Cale	donia.		
feature to be named):									
Discovery Facts:		Discove	y Date:			1957	7		

	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	RV Vityaz		
Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:	Date of Survey:	Nov/Dec 1999		
	Survey Ship:	N/O l'Atalente		
	Sounding Equipment:	Simrad EM12D		
	Type of Navigation:	GPS		
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy (nm):	100m		
	Survey Track Spacing:	c. 15 km		
	Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form.			

	Name(s):	Mr Mark Dyer (Chairperson of the NZGB) & Mr Adam Greenland (National Hydrographer)		
	Date:	27 June 2016		
	E-mail:	markdyer@linz.govt.nz		
Proposer(s):	Organization and Address:	New Zealand Geographic Board PO Box 5501 Wellington 6145 New Zealand		
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization and address):	Dr Vaughan Stagpoole V.Stagpoole@gns.cri.nz GNS Science PO Box 30 368 Lower Hutt 5040 New Zealand		

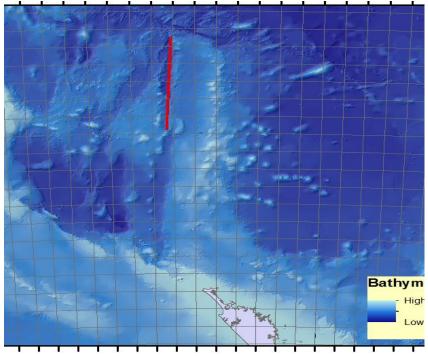
	The New Zealand Geographic Board adopted Cagou Trough as an office	cial
Remarks:	undersea feature name on 26 May 2016.	

NOTE: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

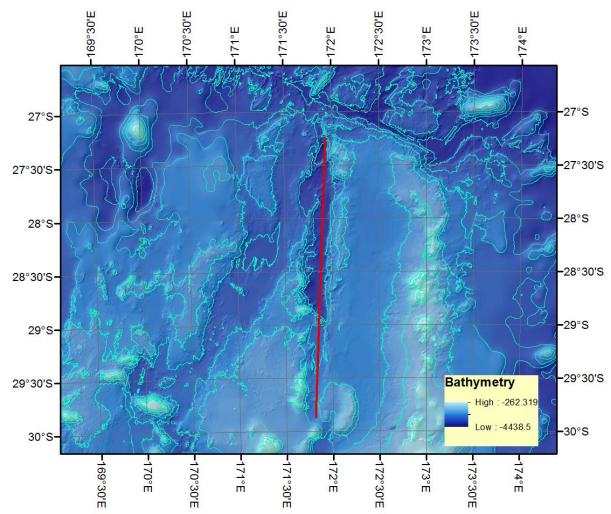
- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea:to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see page 2-9) or, if this
 does not exist or is not known, either to the IHB or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea:-

to the IHB or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

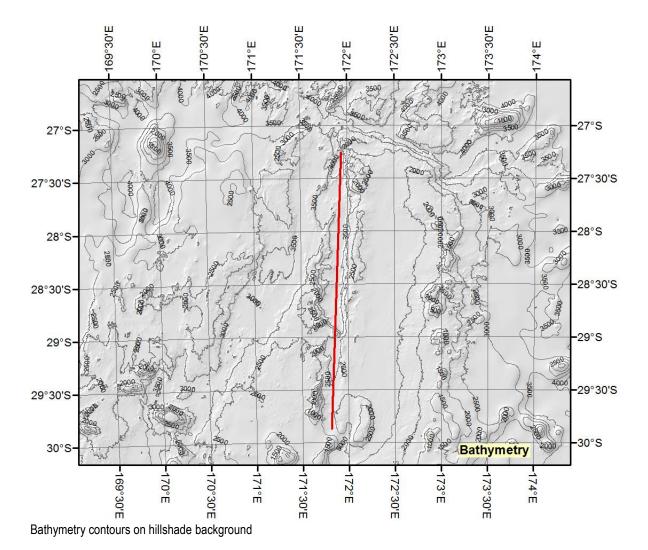
International Hydrographic Bureau (IHB)
4, Quai Antoine 1er
B.P. 445
MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX
Principality of MONACO
Fax: +377 93 10 81 40
E-mail: info@ihb.mc
Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)
UNESCO
Place de Fontenoy
75700 PARIS
France
Fax: +331 45 68 58 12
E-mail: info@unesco.org



Location map showing Cagou Trough (red Line) with respect to northen New Zealand



Bathymetry of Cagou Trough (250m grid) and Polyline showing the feature.



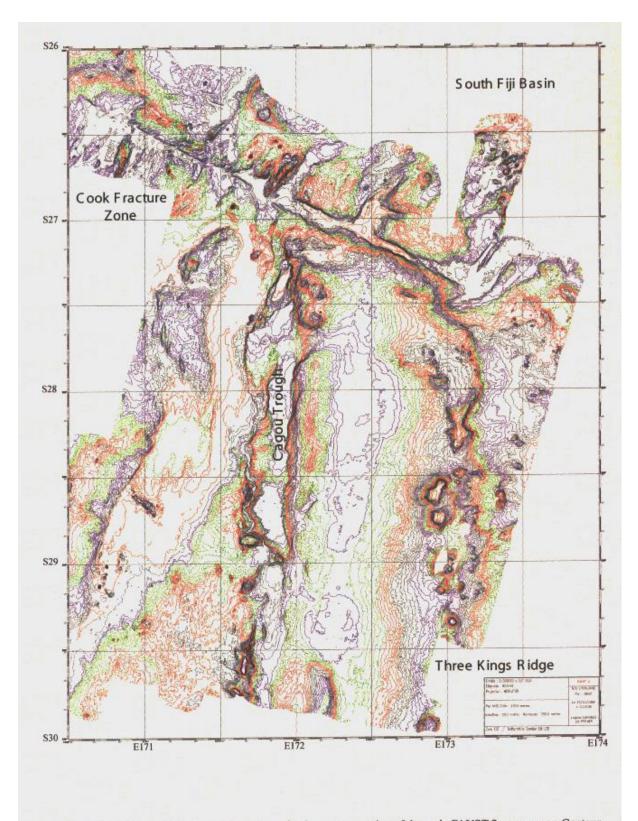
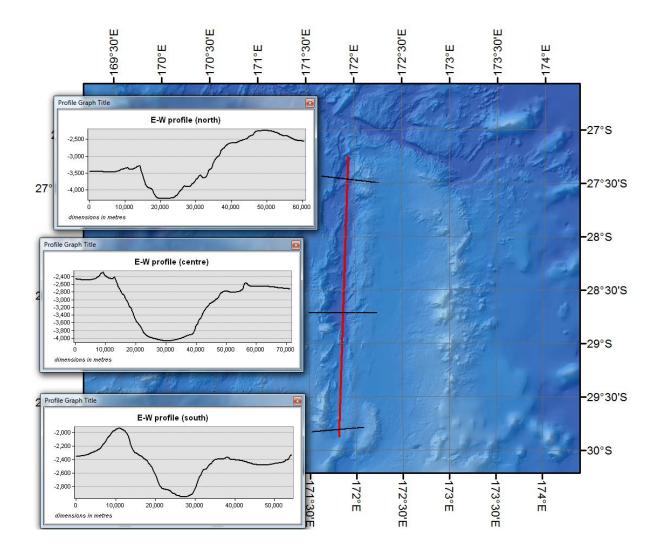


Figure 14. Colour-coded bathymetric contours for the eastern portion of the main FAUST-2 survey area. Contour interval is 100 m in cyclic colour banding of red-black-blue-green for increasing elevation.

Figure 14 of Mauffre et al 2001 showing bathymetry contours in detail.

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Profiles of Cagou Trough (dimensions in metres).

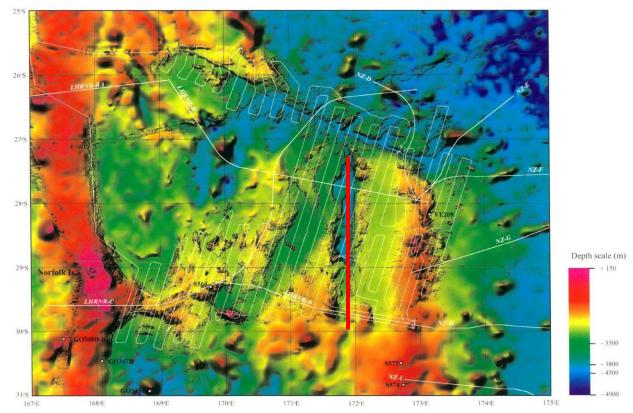


Figure 6. Hill-shaded image of merged swath and predicted bathymetry in the main FAUST-2 survey area. Also shown are FAUST-2 tracks (white) along with AGSO Survey 177 deep-seismic (labelled white lines). Dredge sites are also marked and labelled (see Table 1).

Fig. 5 of Mauffret et al. 2000 showing 100% swath line coverage over the area of the Cagou Trough (Red line).

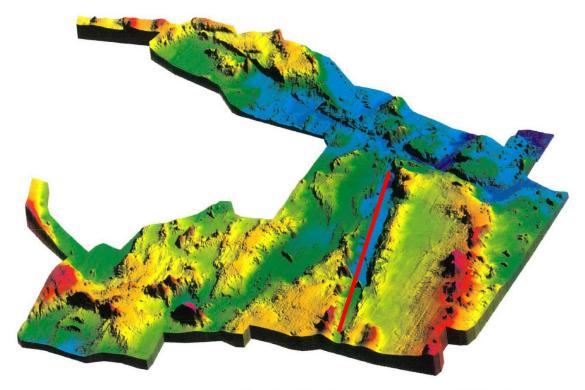


Figure 9. 3D perspective view from the south-southeast of the main FAUST-2 swath-mapped survey area between the Norfolk Ridge to the west, the Three Kings Ridge to the east and the Cook Fracture Zone to the north.

Fig. 5 of Mauffret et al. 2000. The Cagou Trough is highlighted by the red line.

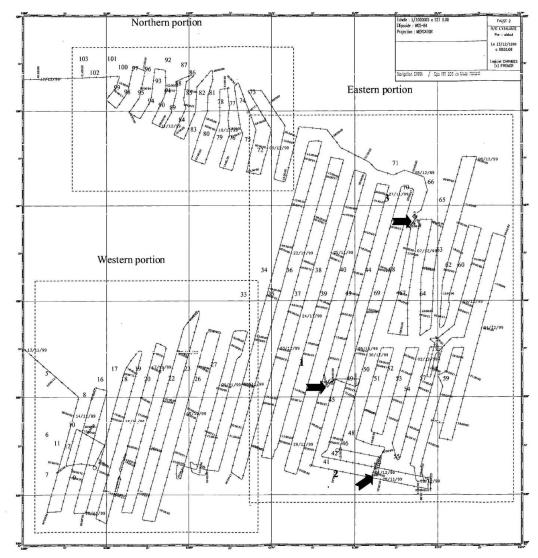


Figure 11. Track map of the main FAUST-2 survey area east of Norfolk Island. Dredge sites are marked with large arrows, seismic profiles are numbered and the dashed boxes outline the partitioning, for descriptive purposes, of the main FAUST-2 survey area (see text). Fig. 11 of Mauffret et al. 2000.

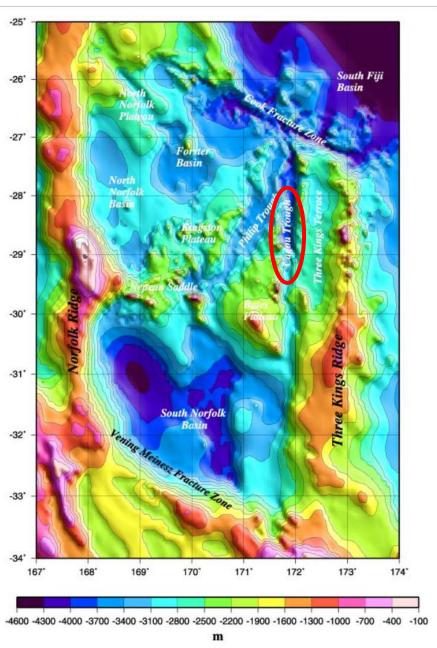


Fig 5 of Sdrolias M., R. D. Müller, A. Mauffret, and G. Bernardel (2004), Enigmatic formation of the Norfolk Basin, SW Pacific: A plume influence on back-arc extension, Geochem. Geophys. Geosyst., 5, Q06005, doi:10.1029/2003GC000643.