## INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC **ORGANIZATION**

## INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC **COMMISSION (of UNESCO)**

## UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL (Sea NOTE overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed: [	eamount	int Ocean or Sea:			South Pacific Ocean				
Geometry that best defines the feature (Ye Point Line Poly		ature (Yes/No) Polygon			nes*	Multiple polygons*	Combination of geometries		
		Χ				polygoria	or geometries		
Geometry should be cle	early disting	guished when pi	roviding the coordina	ates below.	i		<u>i</u>		
			Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6')	۷)		Long. (e.g. 04	46°21.3'W)		
		34°46.57'S (centr	·e)	178°30.31'E (centre)					
			34°43.70`S		178°29.683`E				
			34°44.583`S		178°32.35`E				
			34°45.25`S		178°33.017`E				
			34°47.10`S		178°33.033`E				
			34°48.417`S		178°32.917`E				
Coordinates:			34°49.433`S		178°31.867`E				
			34°49.783`S		178°27.567`E				
			34°50.317`S		178°24.1`E				
			34°49.483`S 34°47.533`S		178°23.417`E 178°25.5`E				
			34°45.217`S		178°26.317`E				
			34°43.95`S		178°26.85`E				
		34°43.70`S		178°29.683`E					
	T	·		-					
Feature Description:  Minimum Dept  Total Relief :		Depth:	650 metres	Shape :		spu	Volcanic cone with spur extending to SW		
		ief:	1550 metres			Dimension/Size: 17			
Associated Features:	i	Yokosuka Seamount is located 9km NE and Gijanes volcano is located km east of Rapuhia Seamount.							
		Chown I	Named on Man/Cha		IC Wri	aht TI Worthin	ogton 8 IA Camb		
Chart/Man Pafarance	Named	Shown Named on Map/Chart: Named in an internationally peer reviewed journal			IC Wright, TJ Worthington & JA Gamble (2006). New multibeam mapping an geochemistry of the 308–358 S sector, an overview, of southern Kermadec at volcanism. <i>Journal of Volcanology an</i>				
Chart/Map References:						Geothermal Research 149, 263 – 296.			
		ļ	Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:						
	Within A	rea of Map/Chart:		Chart NZ 14600 INT 600, INT 605					
Reason for Choice of person, state how asso	•		after the RV Rap	ouhia, a No	ew Zea	land researc	h vessel (DSIR		

Discovery Factor	Discovery Date:	Unknown				
Discovery Facts:	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	NZ Navy line Tui or Monowai?				

	Date of Survey:	2004-2007				
	Survey Ship:	RV Tangaroa (2004), RV Sonne (2007)				
Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:	Sounding Equipment:	EM300, EM122 multibeam				
	Type of Navigation:	DGPS 25 m				
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy (nm):					
	Survey Track Spacing: Variable					
	Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form.					

	Name(s):	Mr Mark Dyer (Chairperson of the NZGB) & Mr Adam Greenland (National Hydrographer)				
	Date:	27 June 2016				
	E-mail:	markdyer@linz.govt.nz				
Proposer(s):	Organization and Address:	New Zealand Geographic Board PO Box 5501 Wellington 6145 New Zealand				
	Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization and address):	Dr Vaughan Stagpoole V.Stagpoole@gns.cri.nz GNS Science PO Box 30 368 Lower Hutt 5040 New Zealand				

	Infor	mally	named	Rapuhia	Volcano.	. The	New	Zealand	Geographic	Board
Remarks:	gaze	tted F	Rapuhia	Seamour	it as an c	official	under	sea featu	re name on	26 May
	2016									

NOTE: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea:to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see page 2-9) or, if this
  does not exist or is not known, either to the IHB or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea:-

to the IHB or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Bureau (IHB)	Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)
4, Quai Antoine 1er	UNESCO
B.P. 445	Place de Fontenoy
MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX	75700 PARIS
Principality of MONACO	France
Fax: +377 93 10 81 40	Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12
E-mail: info@ihb.mc	E-mail: info@unesco.org

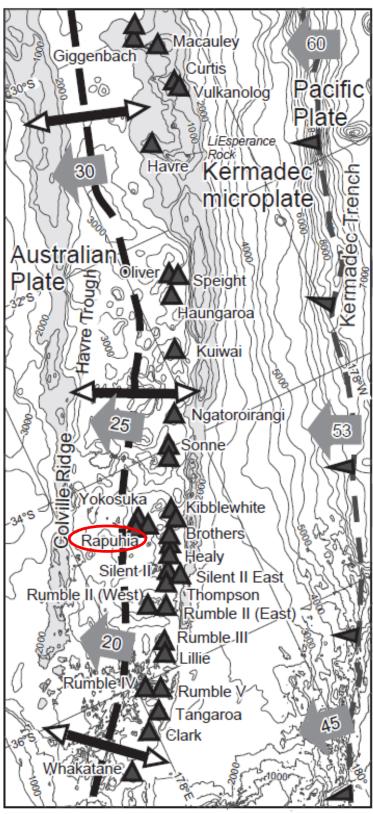
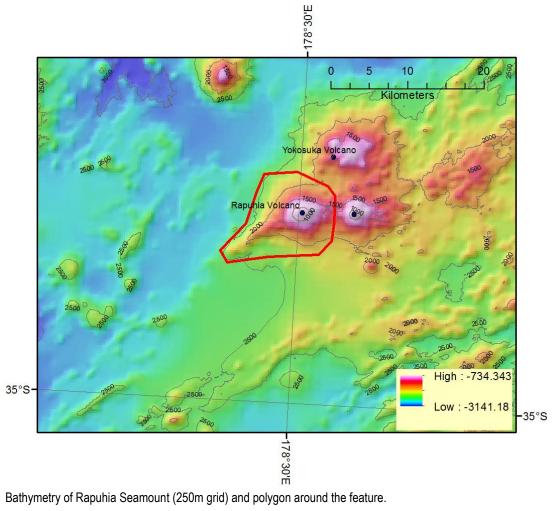
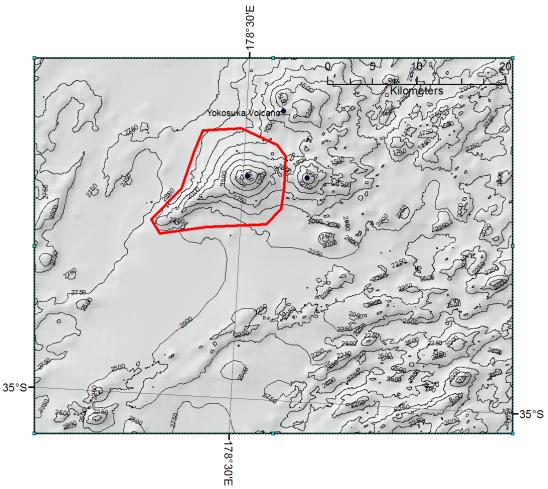
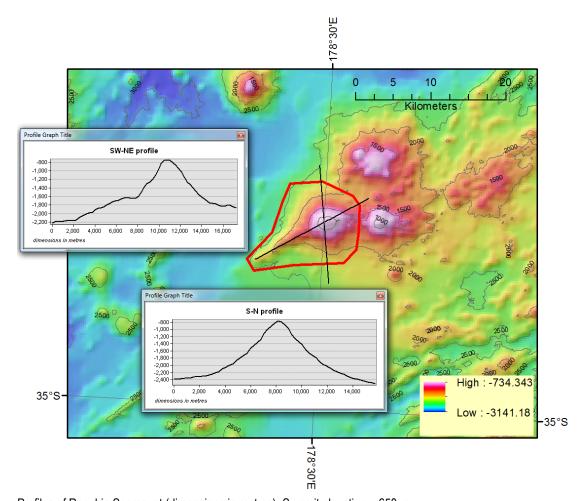


Fig. 2A of Wright et al 2006. Regional setting of the southern and central Kermadec subduction system, including newly discovered volcanoes (closed triangles) of the arc front [including Rapuhia]. Dashed lines show location of the subduction and extensional plate boundaries, east and west of the Kermadec microplate, respectively, with grey arrows showing estimated relative Pa–Ke and Ke–Au plate motion in millimeters per annum.

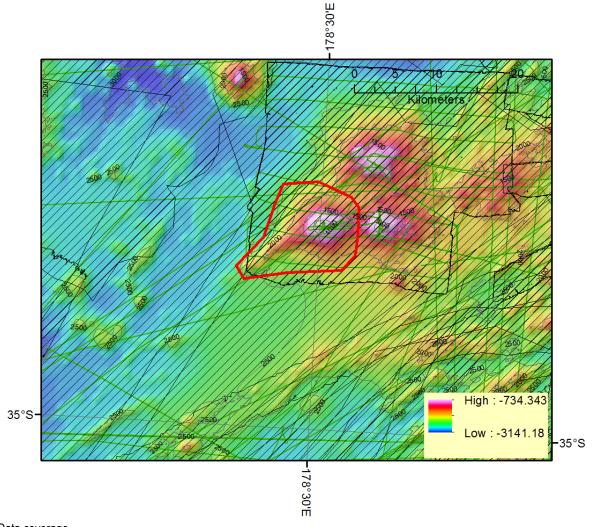




Bathymetry contours on hillshade background



Profiles of Rapuhia Seamount (dimensions in metres). Summit elevation = 650 m



Data coverage

Cross-hatch = multibeam bathymetry coverage
Dark green = single beam bathymetry data

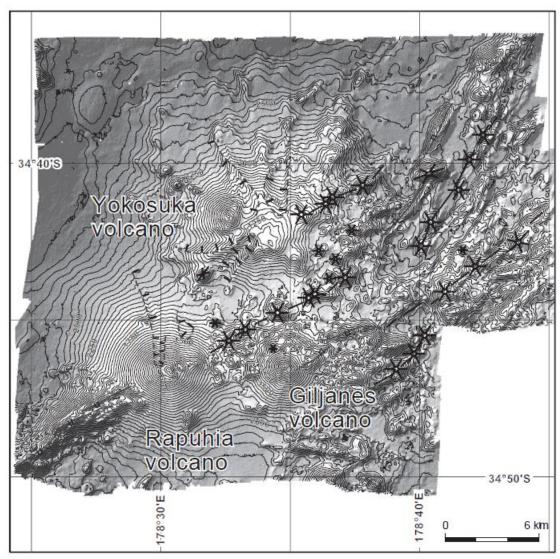


Figure 17 from Wright et al., 2006. Bathymetry and synoptic geology of Rapuhia volcano.