INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC **ORGANIZATION**

INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

<u>UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL</u> (See IHO-IOC Publication B-6 and **NOTE** overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed:	: Shur	nbun Seam	ount		Ocean	or S	Sea:	N/	Ά			
Geometry that he	st dafinas	the feature 1	······································									
Geometry that best defines the feature (Point Line F			Polygon		Multiple points	Multiple lir		nes*	Multip polygo		Combination of geometries*	
* Coomotou oboul	d bo aloorl	. diation avilab	Yes		idio a the energia		halaw					
" Geometry snould	a be cleari	y aistinguisni	ea wnen	pro	viding the coordina	ites	below.					
	Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6′N)				Long. (e.g. 046°21.3′W)							
			22°54.29'N				141°21.39'E					
			22°53.80'N				141°22.21'E 141°22.26'E					
			22°52.90'N 22°51.55'N					141 22.20 E 141°21.83'E				
					22°51.38'N			141 21.63 E 141°19.55'E				
Coordinates:					22°52.27'N			141°18.25'E				
i					22°53.62'N			141°18.10'E				
i					22°54.65'N			141°18.73'E				
					22°55.01'N			141°19.50'E				
					22°54.87'N			141°20.28'E				
			<u> </u>	22°54.29'N					141°21.39'E			
	·····			·		,						
Feature		aximum De						oness: N/A				
Description:	·	Minimum Depth:						Shape: Dimension/Size:		Conical 8 km × 8 km		
	10	otal Relief:	1,293 m Dimer				ISIOII/SIZC . ; O KIII × O KIII					
					. Б. 141							
Associated Feat	tures:		vvest i	wa	iana Ridge, Kita	-Sn	iunbun :	seam	ount			
								,				
Chart/Map Refer				Shown Named on Map/Chart:				Japanese chart #6723 (to be published in July 26, 2019)				
Chaithnap Keren	ciices.		Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart:									
			Within Area of Map/Chart:									
Reason for Choice of Name (if a			Named from the specific dayto mark the season change which is called									
person, state how associated with the			"Shunbun (the vernal equinox)" in Japan. It is one of the Japanese									
feature to be named):			national holidays, and is considered to be the time to admire nature and									
			care for living things. This undersea feature name was accredited by									
			JCUFN in 1994.									
			This feature is located on the rear-arc of the West Mariana Ridge, a									
			remnantisland arc of the active Mariana Arc. Ishizuka et al. (2010) made									
			an extensive sampling of this area, calling the knolls in this area "West									
			Mariana Ridge Knolls".									
			Ishizuka O., et al., 2010, Migrating shoshonitic magmatism tracks Design Mariana interpretable and interpretable for the second state. The Province of the second state of the second state of the second state. The Province of the second state of t									
			Izu-Bonin-Mariana intra-oceanic arc rift propagation, Earth and									
			Planetary Science Letters, 294, 111-122.									
			i									

	Note that the undersea feature names in the Japanese chart #6723 largely consists of two major categories. One is relevant to season names or seasonal/annual event in Japan, and the other is to discovering ship (all are fishery boats except one). The names belonging to the former category were mostly accredited by JCUFN in 1994.							
Discovery Foots	Discovery Date:	Aug. 1993						
Discovery Facts:	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	Japanese survey vessel "Takuyo"						
Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:	Date of Survey:	Aug Sep. 1993 Dec. 2005						
	Survey Ship:	Japanese survey vessel "Shoyo" and "Takuyo"						
	Sounding Equipement:	Multibeam echo sounder Seabeam 2112 (2005) Seabeam (1993)						
	Type of Navigation:	GPS without Selective Availability (2005) GPS with Selective Availability (1993)						
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy, in nautical miles (M):	0.014 nm (26 m) (2005)						
	Survey Track Spacing:	Multibeam echo sounder Seabeam 2112 (2005) Seabeam (1993) GPS without Selective Availability (2005) GPS with Selective Availability (1993) uracy, in 0.014 nm (26 m) (2005) 0.054 nm (100 m) (1993) 3 nm						
	Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form.							
	Name(s):	JCUFN						
	Date:	June 4, 2019						
	E-mail:	ico@jodc.go.jp						
Proposer(s):	Organization and Address:	Hydrographic and Oceanographic Department, Japan Coast Guard						

Remarks:	The position of the summit is located in (22°52.83'N, 141°20.16'E).	

Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization

and address):

NOTE: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea:
 - to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see Publication B-6) or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the IHO or to the IOC (see addresses below);

Kasumigaseki 3-1-1, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-8932, Japan

- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea:
 - to the IHO or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Organization (IHO)
4b, Quai Antoine 1er

B.P. 445

MC 98011 MONACO CEDEX
Principality of MONACO
Fax: +377 93 10 81 40
E-mail: info@iho.int

Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC)

UNESCO
Place de Fontenoy
75700 PARIS
France
Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12
E-mail: info@iho.int

Web: www.iho.int Web: http://ioc-unesco.org/

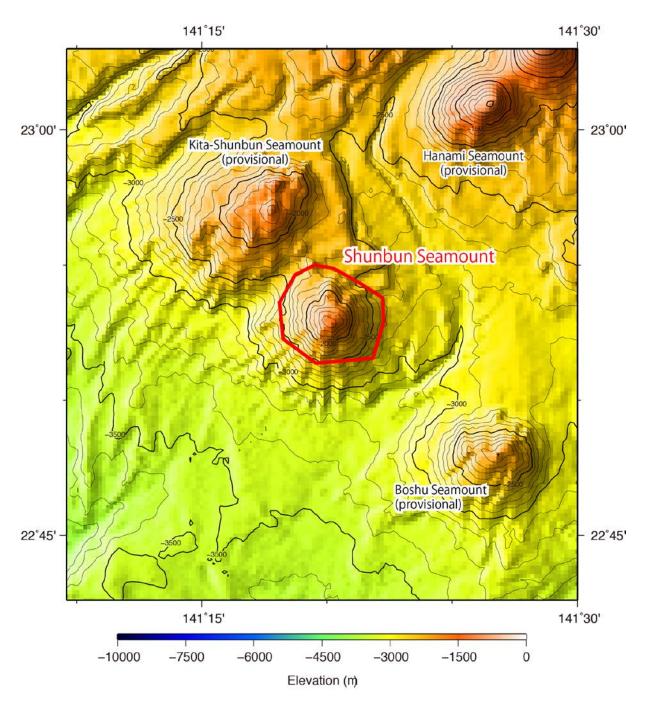


Fig. 1. Bathymetric map of the Shunbun Seamount. Contours are in 100 m.

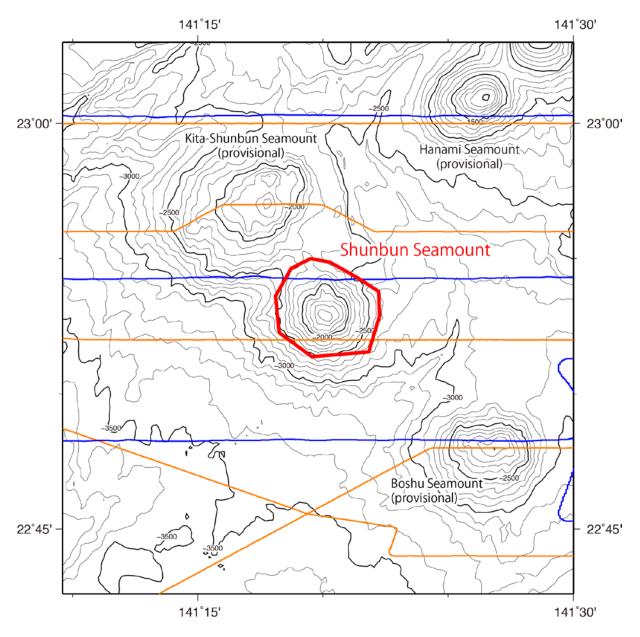


Fig. 2. Bathymetric map of the Shunbun Seamount, shown with track lines. Contours are in 100 m.

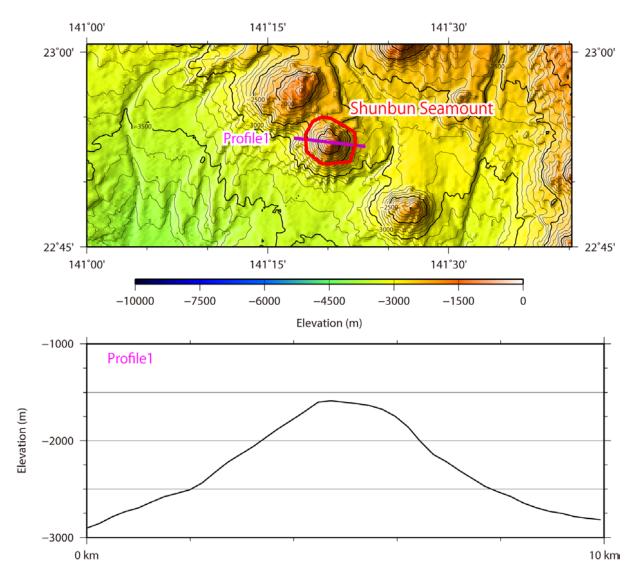


Fig. 3. Bathymetric profile across the Shunbun Seamount.

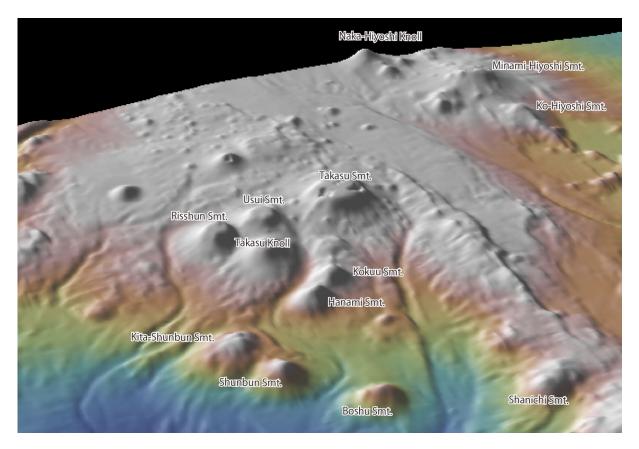


Fig. 4. 3D image of the Shunbun Seamount and its vicinity.