## INTERNATIONAL HYDROGRAPHIC **ORGANIZATION**

## INTERGOVERNMENTAL OCEANOGRAPHIC COMMISSION (of UNESCO)

## <u>UNDERSEA FEATURE NAME PROPOSAL</u> (See IHO-IOC Publication B-6 and **NOTE** overleaf)

Note: The boxes will expand as you fill the form.

Name Proposed:	Sakuyama Sea	amount	Ocean	or Sea:	N/A			
Geometry that best def	Line Line	Polygon Yes	: Multiple points	Multiple li		Multiple oolygons*	Combination of geometries*	
* Geometry should be a	learly distinguis		providing the coordina	tes below.	L		i	
<u> </u>			Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6′N		١ر	na (e a 04		
Coordinates:			Lat. (e.g. 63°32.6'N)  22°21.32'N  22°20.26'N  22°19.78'N  22°19.64'N  22°20.14'N  22°20.92'N  22°21.87'N  22°22.44'N  22°22.30'N  22°21.32'N			Long. (e.g. 046°21.3'W)  143°07.00'E  143°07.25'E  143°06.24'E  143°04.89'E  143°04.31'E  143°04.01'E  143°04.11'E  143°04.85'E  143°07.00'E		
Feature Maximum			2,644 m	Steepi		N/A		
Description:	Minimum D Total Relief				: Conical sion/Size : 6 km × 6 km			
Associated Features:  Chart/Map References:			East Mariana Ridge, Fukuyama Sear Shown Named on Map/Chart			Japanese chart #6723 (to be published in July 26, 2019)		
		<b></b>	Shown Unnamed on Map/Chart Wthin Area of Map/Chart:			u III July 20	5, 2017)	
Reason for Choice of person, state how assoc feature to be named):	,	Masar volcar of isla volcar evider the firs Fukuy accide comm Socie scient (http:// geolog To co	d after Japanese nori Sakuyama (19 nologist at the University of Japan establicist, the Sakuyama /geosociety-of-japmmemorate his wobert J. Stern nampproved by ACUF	post-1984).  persity of aking a managical conding in an inguity in an inguity and an anagical managical personal managical personal managical personal managical personal managical managical personal managical managic	As a you Tokyo, he ajor influe ajor influe ajor influe ajor influe and his s nephew 1984 durithe commaward to his Award ajor influes award genesis of the commaward sold influes award genesis of the commaward to his Award ajor influes award genesis of the commaward to his Award genesis of the command influes award genesis of the command genesis of the	ung promi worked of nace to the He shower volcano is colleagu were kill ng their fin nunity, the nonor your ds/explan na-masan of island-a	sing on the genesis e world d the clear in Japan for e Dr. Hiroyuki ed in an eld work. To e Geological ing promising  nation-of-the- nori-award). arc magma,	

 Sakuyama, M., Evidence of magma mixing: Petrological study of Shirouma-Oike calc-alkaline andesite volcano, Japan, Journal of Volcanology and Geothermal Research, 5, 1979, 179-208.

This feature is located on the East Mariana Ridge, which is in fact the volcanic front of the Mariana Arc. Because of the significance of its tectonic setting, many scientific papers were produced, dealing with the volcanoes along the East Mariana Ridge, including this feature. Among these, the following papers are noted:

- Bloomer S.H., et al., 1989, Physical volcanology of the submarine Mariana and Volcano arcs, Bulletin of Volcanology, 51, 210-224.
- Hein J.R., et al., 2008, Diffuse flow hydrothermal manganese mineralization along the active Mariana and southern Izu-Bonin arc system, western Pacific, Journal of Geophysical Research, 113, B08S14, DOI: 10.1029/2007JB005432.
- Naka, J., 1998, An outline of the Shinkai 2000 dive at the Ko-Hiyoshi Seamount, Northern Mariana arc, JAMSTEC Journal of Deep Sea Research, 14, 157-162 (in Japanese with English abstract)
- Nishizawa A., et al., 2003, Ocean Bottom Seismographic Observation at Minami-Hiyoshi Seamount at the Northern End of the Mariana Arc, Report of Hydrographic and Oceanographic Researches, 39, 3-21 (in Japanese with English abstract)
- Stern R.J., et al., 1984, Unzipping of the volcano arc, Japan, *Tectonophysics*, 102, 153-174.

"Sakuyama Seamount" was first appeared in Bloomer et al. (1989) and used in the following published papers.

Department, Japan Coast Guard Kasumigaseki 3-1-1, Chiyoda-ku,

Tokyo 100-8932, Japan

Di	Discovery Date:	Sep. 2001			
Discovery Facts:	Discoverer (Individual, Ship):	Japanese survey vessel "Shoyo"			
Supporting Survey Data, including Track Controls:	Date of Survey:	Sep. 2001			
	Survey Ship:	Japanese survey vessel "Shoyo"			
	Sounding Equipement:	Multibeam echo sounder			
		Seabeam 2112			
	Type of Navigation:	GPS without Selective Availability			
	Estimated Horizontal Accuracy, in	0.014 nm (26 m)			
	nautical miles (M):				
	Survey Track Spacing:	7 nm			
	Supporting material can be submitted as Annex in analog or digital form.				
	Name(s):	JCUFN			
	Date:	June 4, 2019			
	E-mail:	ico@jodc.go.jp			

Concurrer (name, e-mail, organization and address):	U.S. BGN ACUF; underseafeatures@nga.mil; U.S. Board on Geographic Names Mail Stop: N62 7501 Heller Road Springfield VA 22150-3647 USA
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Remarks:	The position of the summit is located in (22°21.28'N, 143°05.70'E).
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**NOTE**: This form should be forwarded, when completed:

- a) If the undersea feature is located <u>inside the external limit</u> of the territorial sea:
  - to your "National Authority for Approval of Undersea Feature Names" (see Publication B-6) or, if this does not exist or is not known, either to the IHO or to the IOC (see addresses below);
- b) If at least 50 % of the undersea feature is located <u>outside the external limits</u> of the territorial sea:
  - to the IHO or to the IOC, at the following addresses :

International Hydrographic Organization (IHO)

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B.P. 445

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UNESCO Place de Fontenoy 75700 PARIS

**France** 

Fax: +33 1 45 68 58 12 E-mail: info@unesco.org Web: http://ioc-unesco.org/

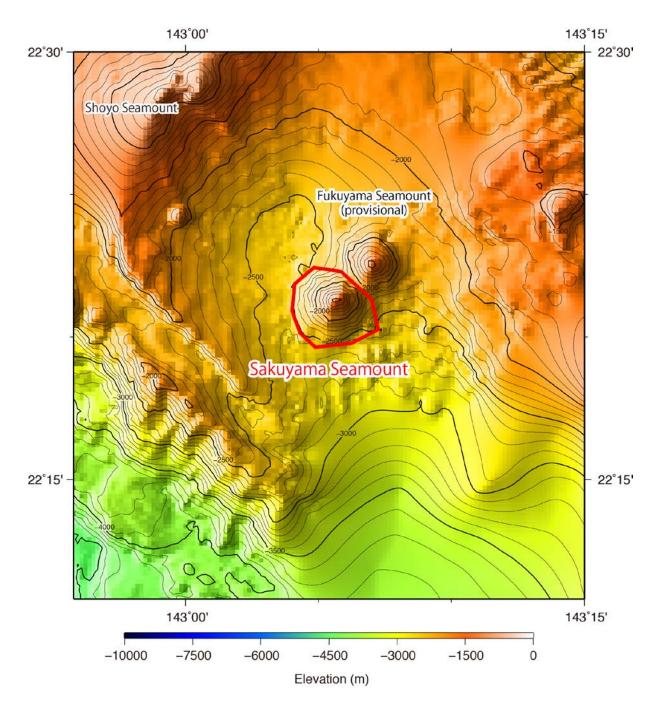


Fig. 1. Bathymetric map of the Sakuyama Seamount. Contours are in 100 m.

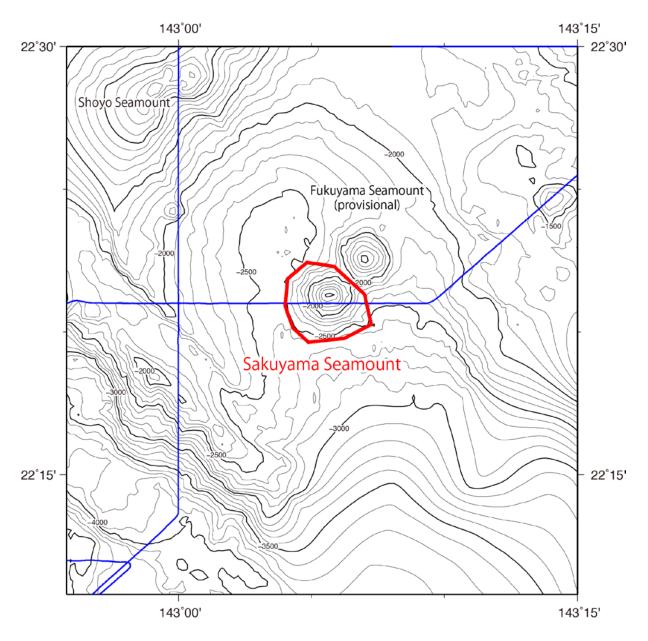


Fig. 2. Bathymetric map of the Sakuyama Seamount, shown with track lines. Contours are in 100 m.

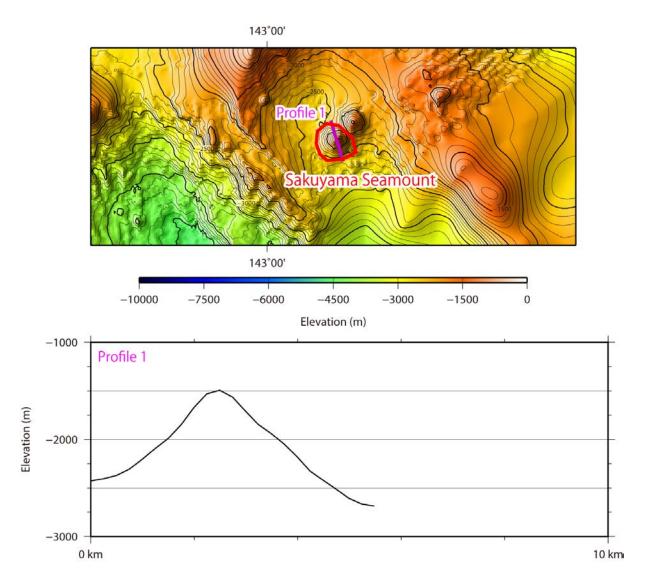


Fig. 3. Bathymetric profile across the Sakuyama Seamount.

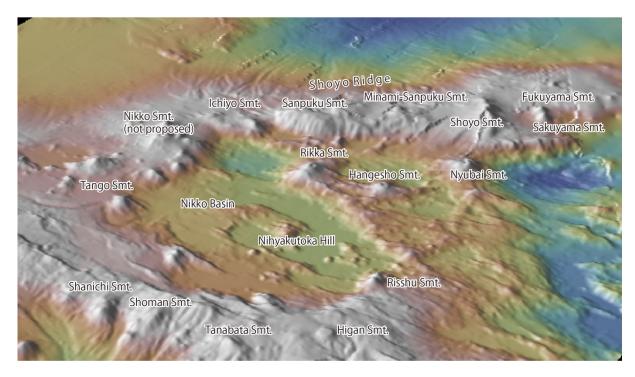


Fig. 4. 3D image of the Sakuyama Seamount and its vicinity.