



Experience in Dealing with Marine Hazard Response

Capt. John Lowell, NOAA



Outline

- Why Hydrographic Offices Respond
- Distinct types of responses
- Technological capacities examples
- Domestic response illustrations
- International response illustrations



Why a Hydrographic Office?

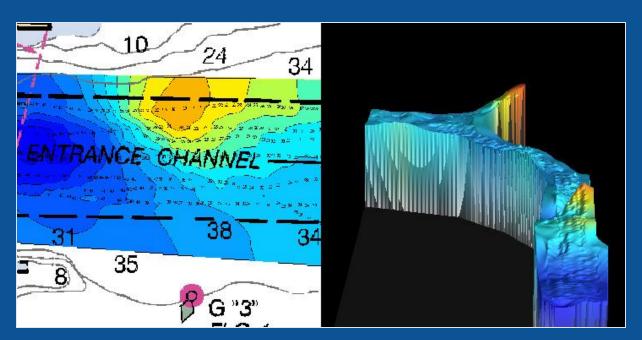
- Reduce economic impact of hazard
- Improve safety for future use of area
- Locate and assist authorities with investigations





Why a hydrographic office?

- Direct application of
 - Tools
 - Knowledge
 - Skills
 - Abilities
 - Resources
 - Information
 - Products





Types of Response

Expected Events

- Known about prior to occurrence
- Preparation and pre-deployment options

Unexpected Events

- Events with no prior knowledge
- Quick response from normal operational configuration
- Assistance as requested by competent authorities





Use of AUVs for Emergency Response

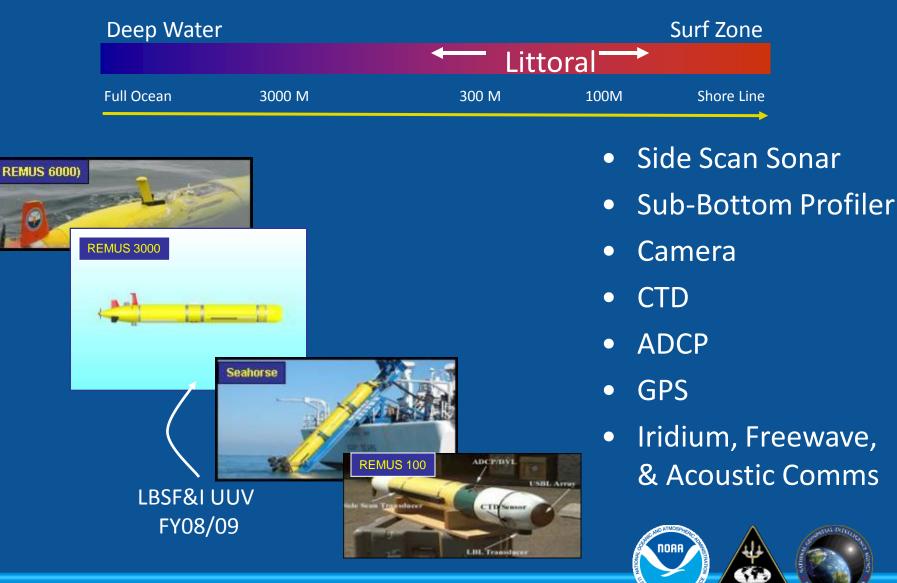
- Harbor, channel, & approach
 investigations using side scan sonar
- Easily deployed from pickup truck
- Minimal support requirements



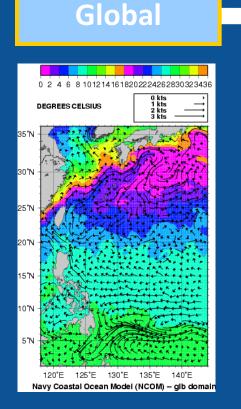




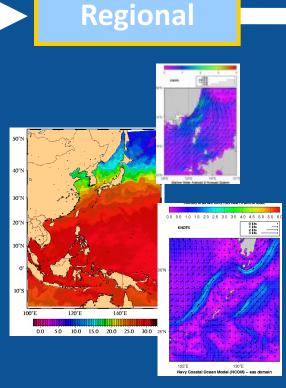
Technology - AUVs



Technology - Ocean Modeling



- Navy Layered Ocean Model (NLOM)
- Global Navy Coastal Ocean Model (NCOM)
- 3D full physics forecast models

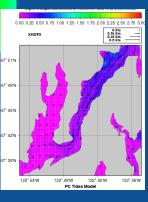


- Shallow Water Analysis & Forecast System (SWAFS)
- East Asian Seas NCOM
- Relocatable-NCOM

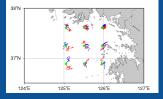
High resolution 3D forecast models

Local

- ADCIRCPC-Tides
- HydroMapRMA2



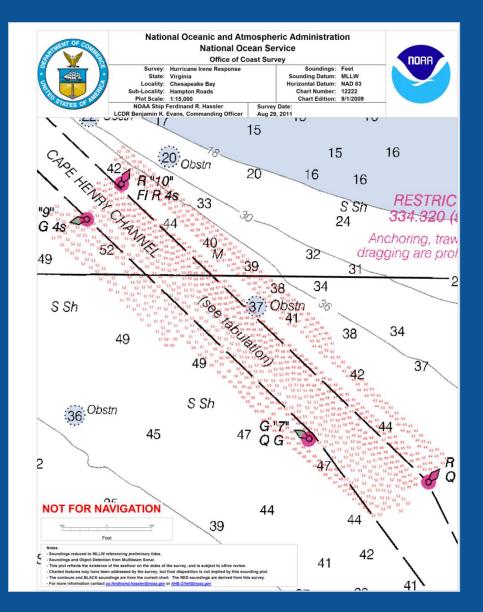
2D, rapidly placed coastal & estuary models





Product example

- Custom Products to inform local authorities
- Time value of Data -Speed is Key!





Communication and coordination



- Establish communications and coordination policies and operating procedures
- Coordinate response with established response authorities



 Depending on size of event, HO assets must be integrated into response command system



Fleet Survey Team

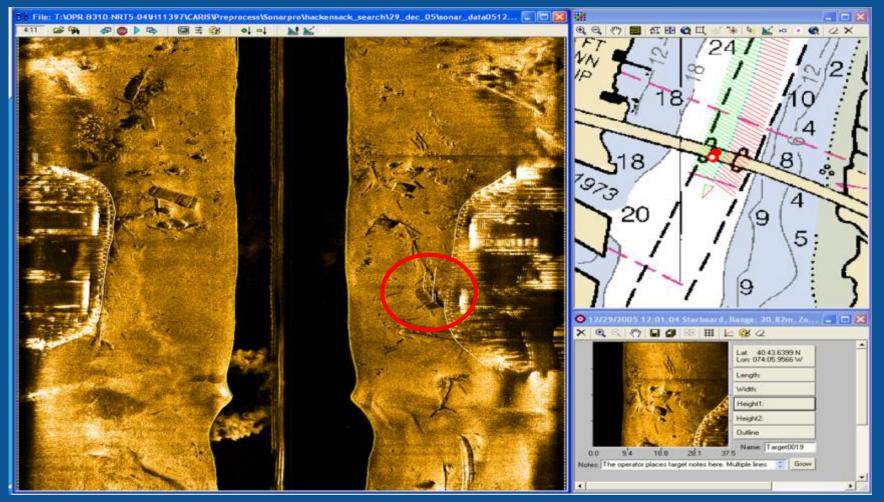
A specialized team of military and civilian experts providing hydrographic and oceanographic knowledge of the littoral environment to support COCOM and fleet missions

- Rapidly deployable team
- Expeditionary surveys
- Theater security cooperation
- Security assistance
- Humanitarian assist / disaster relief
- International cooperative surveys
- Leveraging international resources





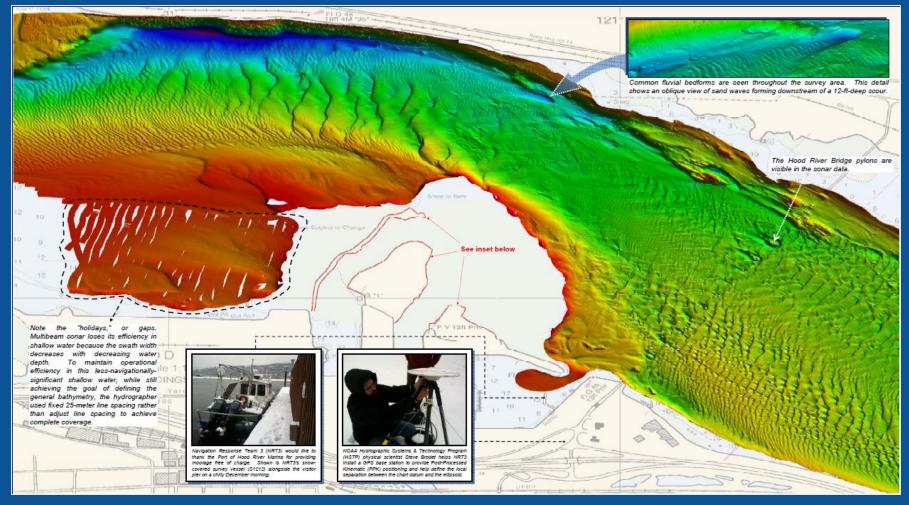
Using expertise to locate missing vehicle



New York, NY (2005)



Responding to fuel barge groundings



Hood River, Oregon (2009)



Reducing future risk in changing use of area



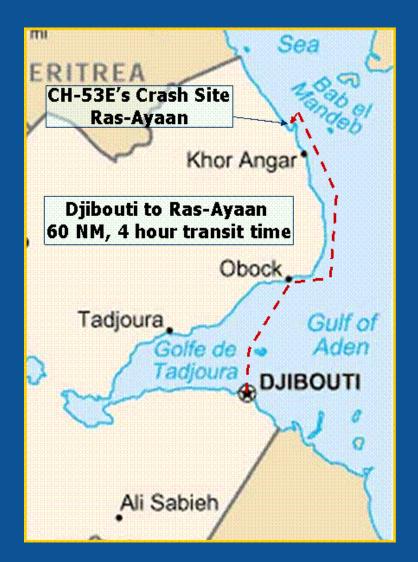
NOAA Hydrographic Surveys

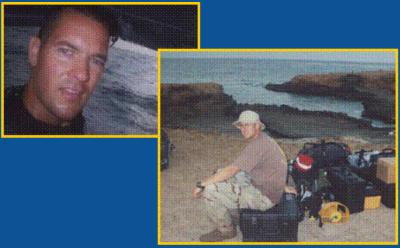
of Cobscook Bay - 2010

Cobscook Bay, ME (2010)



Djibouti Search and Rescue





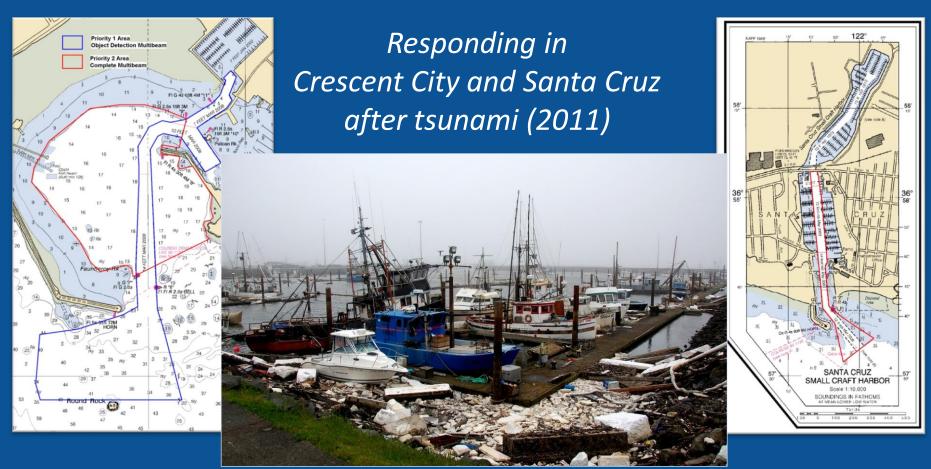
Rapid Response SAR Team

Team, departed DJ 18FEB06
On site and began search at 1200L
Geo-located both CH-53E's
Spent the night on site

Returned to DJ 19FEB06



Assisting U.S. Coast Guard and Army Corps of Engineers





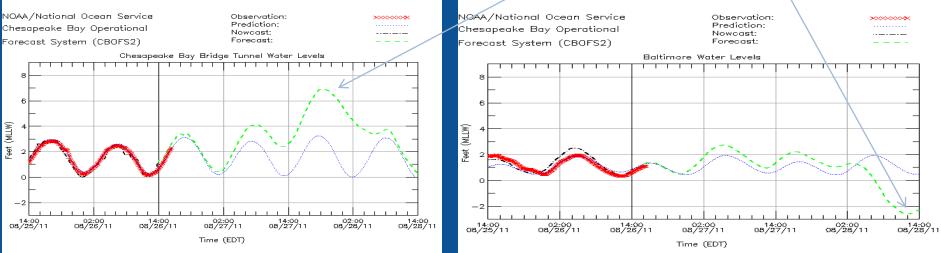
Responding in Hampton Roads



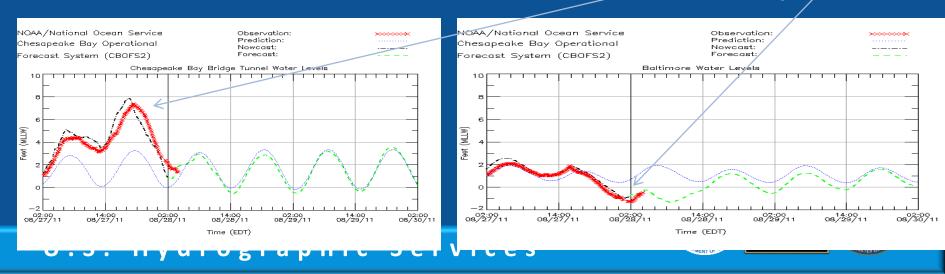
Hurricane IRENE, Port of Virginia, 2011



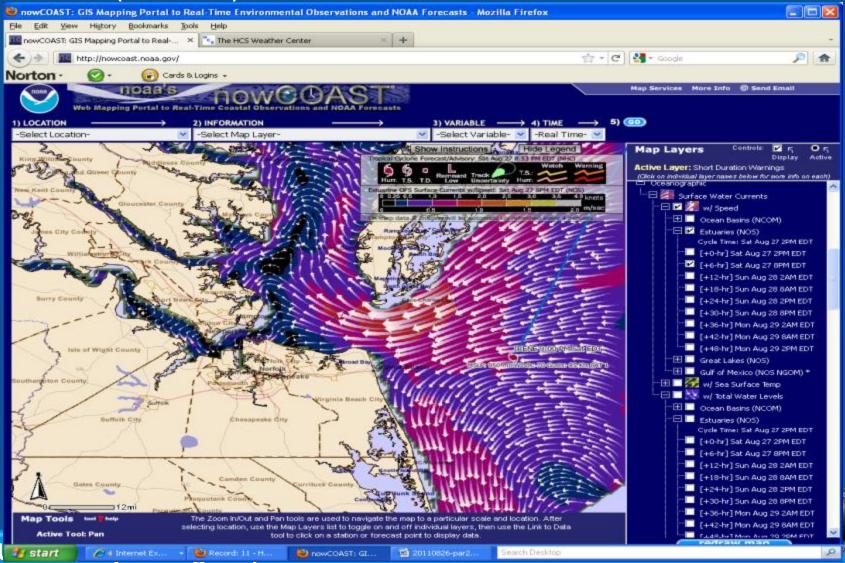
 08/26 1400 EDT: CBOFS predicted a 4' surge in the lower CB for 8-10 pm on Saturday 8/27; ~2' mid-bay; and a negative surge in Baltimore of -3' Sunday 8/28 at noon.



 These forecasts were corroborated by the observed water levels at CBBT and Baltimore on 8/28 at 2 am, as Irene passed over the Chesapeake region



NowCOAST screenshot: NOS CBOFS 6-hr Surface Currents Forecast (Valid: 8PM EDT Sat. Aug. 27, 2011) and NHC Present Location (9PM Sat) and Track Forecast



Haiti earthquake

- Requirement:
 - Conduct pier facility,
 anchorage and beach



- anchorage and beach approach clearance surveys
- Tasking:
 - Earthquake occurred on 12 Jan 10
 - COMUSNAVSOUTH requested hydrographic survey support on 14 JAN 10
 - Team deployed 16 Jan 10 via GOV and MILAIR
 - Began data collection on 19 Jan 10



Haiti earthquake cont.

NGA Maritime Support

- Haiti Port facility graphics
- Imagery and graphic support to MSC
- Port-au-Prince Littoral assessment graphics
- Maritime Watch Office NAVAREA messages
- Public release of DNC data over Haiti and DR

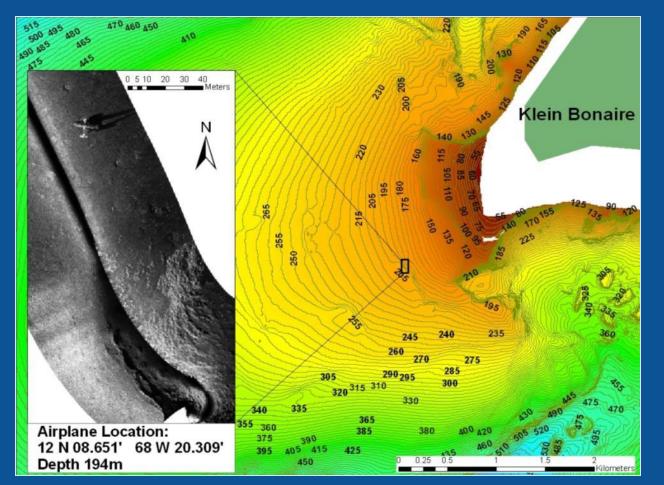








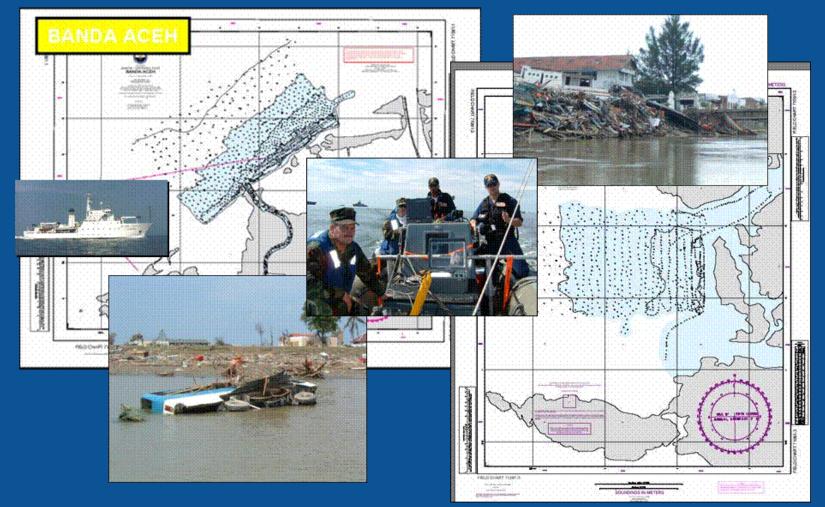
Locating aircraft wreckage in the Caribbean



USNS Henson used multibeam and sidescan sonars to locate and map the wreckage of a plane missing in the waters of the Netherland Antilles



Indonesia tsunami relief

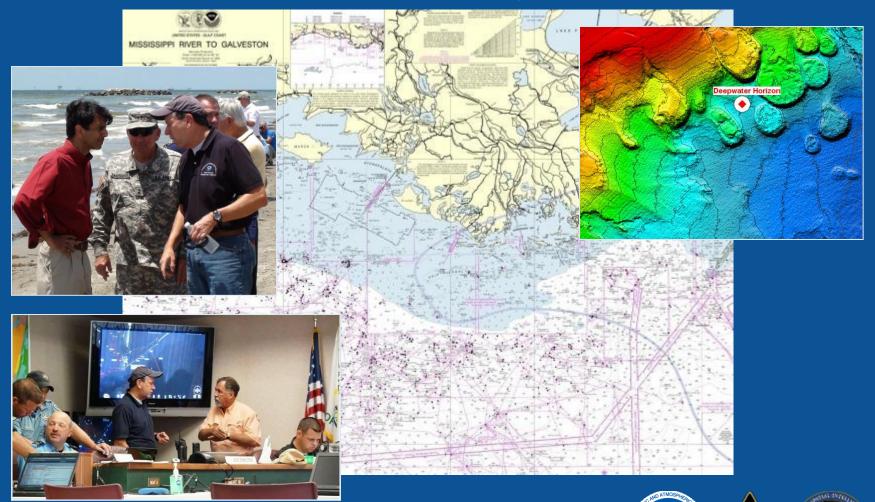






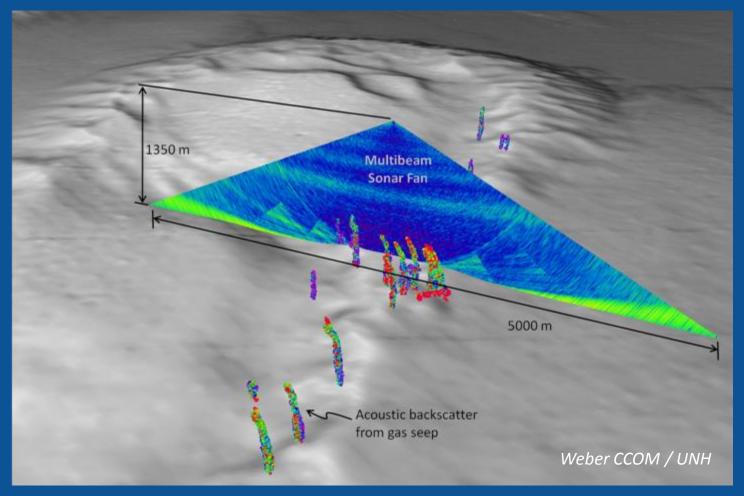
Responding to a release of hazardous materials / oil spill

Deepwater Horizon





Investigating Use of Multibeam Technology to Locate Possible Methane Gas Seeps





http://www.nauticalcharts.noaa.gov/ http://nga.mil/maritime http://www.usno.navy.mil





