## Hydrographic National Report of Denmark

May 2014

## **1. Hydrographic Office**

On January 1, 2013, the National Survey and Cadastre (KMS) changed its name to the Danish Geodata Agency (GST) and a new internal structure was implemented.

The present report outlines and sums up the activities carried out in 2013 by the Danish Geodata Agency, with special focus on its hydrographic activities.

## New internal structure in the Danish Geodata Agency 1 January 2013



Figure 1. The new internal structure of the Danish Geodata Agency.

Among the drivers for the new internal structure were:

- Application orientation (contact with users)
- Harmonising and streamlining data processes
- Anchoring support functions
- Organizing the value chain
- Fulfilling and supporting the agency's new strategy, which covers the period 2013-2016. The strategy's main focus is on increasing the use of geodata in the Danish public sector as a means of making public sector administration more efficient.

The Danish Geodata Agency in its role as Hydrographic Office has responsibility for hydrographic surveys and charting in Denmark. It is responsible for the production of nautical charts of the waters surrounding Denmark, the Faroe Islands and Greenland, just as the Danish Geodata Agency also represents Denmark internationally within the geodata field. The Danish Geodata Agency is responsible for technical support to delimitation of the Danish maritime boundaries, charting, and issuing Chart Corrections and related nautical publications such as INT 1 and pilots (sailing directions).

The practical work of hydrographic surveys is still done with personnel and ships from the Royal Danish Navy. Survey personnel from the Navy are stationed in the Danish Geodata Agency.

The Danish Geodata works closely with the Danish Maritime Authority, which is responsible for issuing of Notices to Mariners, List of Lights. Tide tables and operational tide gauges are the responsibility of Danish Meteorological Institute.

#### General information about the Danish Geodata Agency

The Danish Geodata Agency ensures that geodata covering land and sea are collected, quality assured and accessible through the national spatial data infrastructure. These geodata are used by public authorities for a wide range of administrative purposes, including climate protection, the provision of mobile access to data, information services to citizens and by the police and emergency services when carrying out their tasks. Accurate and precise data are required by public administrators and the Ministry of Defense.

The Danish Geodata Agency employs approximately 300 people.

## 2. Surveys

#### **Coverage of new surveys**

The Danish hydrographic survey operations have been carried out in the following areas in 2013:

- 1. Danish waters inside the Skaw according to the HELCOM RE-SURVEY plan of the Baltic Routes and areas.
  - Parts of shipping route in the North Sea, to the north west of Jutland.
- 2. The west coast of Greenland.

#### **Danish waters:**

The hydrographic surveys inside the Skaw are re-surveys carried out in accordance with the HELCOM Copenhagen Declaration adopted on 10 September 2001 by the HELCOM Minis-terial Meeting. In addition, survey of areas with intense traffic in the North Sea has been initi-ated.

In accordance with the Declaration a coordinated survey plan has been made for the Baltic. Therefore, the main survey effort has been placed on the primary shipping routes through the Danish waters and entrances to major ports. The routes will be re-surveyed to meet the standards of "Special Order" or "Order 1" as set in the International Hydrographic Organiza-tion "Special Publication No 44". Denmark is working on a general national survey plan for the Baltic area, which was com-pleted by the end of 2013. This plan is in accordance with the HELCOM Moscow declaration of May 2010 and covers all areas of interest to navigation named Cat. 2, and areas that are in need of survey for other reasons than safety of navigation.

The Surveys in 2014 will be a continuation of the revised coordinated re-survey plan for the Baltic area.

#### **Greenland waters:**

The surveys on the West Coast of Greenland were carried out in the archipelago and near coastal zone, in order to allow safe access to major ports and to locate sheltered coastal fairways. A prioritized program for the resurvey of Greenland waters is in force. The main emphasis is placed on the most populated areas on the West Coast.

All surveys were carried out with multibeam echo sounder systems.

The surveys in the Greenland waters in 2014 are a continuation of the re-surveying program of the inshore routes between ports in Greenland. Some near shore areas and fiords are being surveyed for the safety of cruise ships operating on the west coast.

#### New ships

No new ships have been put in to service since the last report.

A new survey concept for Greenland is under development. The concept aims at a more geographically flexible capacity with one large ship and two in situ launches. This concept is planned to be fully implemented in 2016.

#### **Problems encountered:**

No new problems where encountered in 2013.

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## 3. New charts & updates

Charts (paper as well as electronic navigational charts (ENC)) covering the Danish, Faroese and Greenlandic waters are produced and updated by the Danish Geodata Agency.

## ENC

The Danish waters have been covered by ENCs in various navigational bands since June 2000. In 2013, the Danish Geodata Agency produced four new ENCs of the Greenlandic waters. All the agency's ENCs are updated on a weekly basis.

## ENC distribution method

In 2013, all the Danish-produced ENCs and updates (ERs) were distributed through a network of PRIMAR and IC-ENC authorized distributors.

## Charts

28 new editions were published in 2013.

## National paper charts

The chart portfolio of the Danish waters comprises 63 charts, all produced according to international standards.

The chart index showing the Danish waters is available at: <u>http://www.danskehavnelods.dk/indexkort/danskesoekort.html</u>

The chart index showing the Greenlandic waters is available at: <u>http://www.danskehavnelods.dk/indexkort\_gronland/gronlandskesoekort.html</u>

#### Geometric rectification of the Greenlandic charts

The geometric rectification of the Greenlandic charts, mentioned in the Hydrographic National Report 2012, will continue in the coming years. 17 Greenlandic charts have been rectified and published since the start of the project. 8 charts are expected to be rectified and published in a new ESRI production system in 2014.

## **Faroese waters**

All the Faroese paper charts were converted to ENCs and released in 2012.

## 4. New publications & updates

#### New publications

• None

## **Updated publications**

The Danish Maritime Safety Authority updates the following publications and reports online:

- Navigation through Danish Waters
- Tide tables for Danish, Faroese and Greenland waters

The Danish Geodata Agency's online publications:

- Charts and publications catalogue (in Danish)
- Kort 1/INT 1 (bilingual)
- Søkortrettelser/Chart Corrections (bilingual)
- Bag om søkortet/Behind the nautical chart (in Danish/in English)
- The Mariner's Handbook (in Danish)
- The Danish Harbour Pilot (in Danish)

The Danish Geodata Agency's printed publications:

- Charts and publications catalogue (in Danish)
- Kort 1/INT 1 (bilingual)
- The Greenlandic Pilot (West Greenland) (in Danish)
- The Greenlandic Pilot (East Greenland (in Danish)
- The Greenlandic Harbour Pilot (in Danish)
- The Faroese Pilot (in Danish)
- The Faroese Harbour Pilot (in Danish)
- The Danish Harbour Pilot (in Danish)

## **5. MSI**

NAV Warnings, Information to mariners and oceanographic forecasts are available in English on the following web pages:

Navigational warnings Denmark: http://www.dma.dk/Ships/Sider/MaritimeSafetyInformation.aspx

Meteorological warnings and forecasts Denmark: <u>http://www.dmi.dk/en/vejr/</u> <u>http://ocean.dmi.dk/anim/index.uk.php</u> <u>http://ifm.fcoo.dk/index.asp</u>

Meteorological warnings and forecasts Faroe Islands: <u>http://www.dmi.dk/en/faeroeerne/</u> <u>http://ocean.dmi.dk/anim/index.uk.php</u>

Meteorological warnings and forecasts Greenland: <u>http://www.dmi.dk/en/groenland/</u> <u>http://ocean.dmi.dk/anim/index.uk.php</u>

## 6. S-55

## State of surveys updated May 2014

Area	A1	A2	<b>B1</b>	<b>B2</b>	<b>C1</b>	C2	Comment
Denmark	95	100	5	0	0	0	Contributes to the HELCOM harmonised re-
south							survey programme.
Denmark	100	100	0	0	0	0	Revision of ports and resurveys ongoing
Faeroes							
Denmark Greenland	25	20	25	10	50	70	The coastline of Greenland is very com-plex and the total sea area of the EEZ is ca. 2.000.000 square kilometres. Due to perma- nent ice cover, the limit for naviga-ble waters has been set to 75 degrees northern latitude. Thus the percentages are rough approxima- tions. The East coast is sparsely populated and only surveyed near populated areas. A prioritised programme is in force to resurvey navi-gable routes to and between populated areas on the West Coast of Greenland, to modern standards.

## 7. Capacity Building

# Status of national, bilateral, multilateral or regional development projects with hydrographic component (In progress, planned, under evaluation or study)

A joint survey project in Flensborg Fjord between the Danish and German hydrographic offices has been carried out. There is also a joint Danish-Polish survey underway in the disputed area south of Bornholm.

#### New technologies and/or equipment

All ships in the Danish survey fleet are equipped with Reson 7125 200/400 KHz SW2 multibeam systems. Test trials will be conducted in 2013 with the aim to survey directly on a LAT-model of the waters around Greenland. This method will, if successful, make tide gauges redundant for surveys.

## 8. Oceanographic activities

## Tide gauge network

The Danish Meteorological Institute maintains a network of water level stations spread across Denmark. The data are used in several ways, primarily for navigation safety, but are also an integral part of the national storm surge monitoring and prediction system. Data updated are transferred from each station to the oceanographic database every ten minutes.

In addition, DAMSA has in the past measured water levels in Greenland from 1990 until 2004 for the purpose of obtaining sufficient data to enable the prediction of tide levels for the com-ing many years. The Danish Defence is maintaining three oceanographic monitoring stations. These three stations are located at Drogden and at two sites in Storebælt (the Great Belt). These data are transferred to the database every 30 minutes. Online observations and fore-casts are available in Danish on the web site: http://fcoo.dk/

## UNCLOS

The Danish Geodata Agency is actively involved in the work for The United Nations Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS) in the waters around Greenland and the Faroe Islands.

The Danish Geodata Agency is responsible for the data quality assessment on existing bath-ymetric data and planning and technical specifications for new surveys. There has been no UNCLOS surveys in 2013.

## 9. Other activities

#### **Participation in IHO Working Groups**

The Danish Geodata Agency has the chairmanship for the IHO MSDI Working Group and the Baltic Sea MSDI Working Group (BSMSDIWG).

The Danish Geodata Agency is actively involved in the work done by CSPCWG, SNPWG, TSMAD, DIPWG, DQWG, EUWG and HSSC.

#### National

Within the framework of the Danish "Basic Data Programme", which was launched on January 1, 2013, a large proportion of the geodata held by GST are now available for commercial and non-commercial purposes - free of charge. This includes topographic data (maps), the cadastral map and the Danish Elevation Model. It does not include nautical charts and underlying data from hydrographic surveys.

The Basic Datra Programme is part of the national eGovernment Strategy for 2011-2015. The programme contains a number of specific improvements and initiatives in public sector basic data that underpin greater efficiency and economic growth. Basic data are widely used throughout the public sector and are an important basis for public authorities to perform their tasks properly and efficiently. Basic data are also a potential driver for innovation, growth and job creation in the private sector.

#### International

The Danish Geodata Agency has taken part in the work done by the IMO Correspondence Group on e-Navigation.

The Danish Geodata Agency is also active in the HELCOM Monitoring Working Group.

## Websites

The Danish Geodata Agency: <u>http://www.gst.dk/English/</u> navigation-gl.gst.dk/English/

The Danish Maritime Authority: <u>http://www.dma.dk/</u>

Danish Meteorological Institute: <u>http://www.dmi.dk</u>